國立中央大學通訊工程學系 97 學年度碩士在職專班入學筆試

【基本通訊概論】試卷

考試地點:通訊館一樓 E1-105 室 考試時間:100 分鐘 試題總分:100分

1. [15%] Consider a sinusoidal signal with random phase, defined by $x(t) = A\cos(2\pi f_c t + \phi)$

where A and f_c are constant and ϕ is a random variable that is uniformly distributed over the interval $[-\pi,\pi]$, that is, $f_{\theta}(\theta) = \begin{cases} 1/2\pi & -\pi \leq \theta \leq \pi \\ 0 & elsewhere \end{cases}$. Please calculate the autocorrelation function of x(t).

- 2. [10 %] Please determine the following statement whether it is true or false: For any real-valued random process x(t), we can express the autocorrelation function as $R_x(\tau) = R_x(t+\tau,t) = E\{x(t+\tau)x(t)\}$.
- 3. [10 %] An amplitude-modulated (AM) wave is described as a function of time: $s(t) = A_c[1 + k_a m(t)] \cos(2\pi f_c t),$

where A_c is the carrier amplitude, k_a is a constant, and f_c is the carrier frequency. m(t) is the baseband signal that carries the specification of the message whose Fourier transform is M(f). Please find the mathematical expression of the Fourier transform of the AM wave s(t).

- 4. [10 %] A narrowband signal has a bandwidth of 10 kHz centered on a carrier frequency of 100 kHz. It is proposed to represent this signal in discrete-time form by sampling its phase and quadrature component individually. What is the minimum sampling rate that can be used for this representation?
- 5. [10 %] An M-ary communication system transmits at a rate of 1000 symbols per second. What is the equivalent bit rate in bits per second for M= 8?
- 6. [10 %] We consider binary synchronous data transmission with arbitrary signal shapes. We let a logic 1 be represented by $s_1(t)$ and a logic 0 by $s_2(t)$. $s_1(t)$ and $s_2(t)$ have finite energy in a T-second interval. Please draw a receiver structure for detecting $s_1(t)$ and $s_2(t)$ in additive white Gaussian noise.

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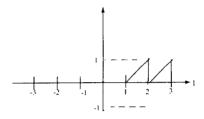
考試時間:100分鐘

試題總分:100分

7. [10 %] A signal with a waveform shown in the following figure is fed into the system with the impulse response:

$$h(t) = 2\delta(t) - 2\delta(t-1).$$

Please sketch the output waveform of the system output.



- 8. [10 %] A PCM system uses a uniform quantizer followed by a 5-bit binary encoder. The bit rate of the system is equal $to 50 \times 10^6 b/s$. What is the maximum message bandwidth for which the system operates satisfactory?
- 9. [15 %] The bit error rate for coherent binary PSK (BPSK) is $P_e = \frac{1}{2} erfc(\sqrt{\frac{E_b}{N_o}}) = Q(\sqrt{2E_b/I_o}). E_b \text{ is the signal energy per bit; } N_o \text{ is the noise}$

spectral density, $erfc(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{x}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt$ is the complementary error function,

and $Q(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{x}^{\infty} \exp(-u^2/2) \partial u$. We consider coherent QPSK modulation.

Let E be the signal energy for the QPSK modulation.

- (a) What is the average probability of bit error in each channel (in-phase and quadrature)?
- (b) What is the average probability of symbol error for coherent QPSK?
- (c) With the Gray coding used for the incoming symbols, what is the bit error rate of OPSK?

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